A positive integer N is a super divisible number in the base B if and only if the number formed by the k most significant base-B digits of N is divisible by k, for all k between 1 and the number of base-B digits of N. (By definition, the most significant digit of N can not be 0.)

For example,  $2220301_4$  is a base-4 super divisible number because  $2_4$  is divisible by 1,  $22_4$  is divisible by 2,  $222_4$  is divisible by 3,  $2220_4$  is divisible by 4,  $22203_4$  is divisible by 5,  $222030_4$  is divisible by 6, and  $2220301_4$  is divisible by 7.

Find the largest super divisible number of a given base which uses only digits from a given list of digits.

## Input

The input file contains several test cases. For each of them, the program input is a single line containing the base and the list of valid digits. The base will always be an integer between 4 and 10. The list of valid digits will have a length of at most 10, and may contain repeated digits (the repetitions should be ignored).

## **Output**

For each test case, the program output is a single line containing the largest super divisible number of the given base which uses only the digits given on the input. It is known that the largest super divisible number will not have more than 50 digits.

#### Examples

Input	Output
5 031322	2011021100
7 01356	660060063531
9 02468	886266840866066000
10 01	10
10 123	3212
10 9876543210	3608528850368400786036725

## Sample Input

4 0123

10 010011

# Sample Output

2220301

10