The famous Babylonian King Samsu-Iluna was fascinated by the stars that He could see on the night sky. He believed that if He could build a tower tall enough He could touch them and fulfill His destiny as divine ruler of the Babylonians. To be able to build this tower He created large quarries where they dug and cut the largest stone blocks they could find. Once the number of stone blocks seemed large enough to build the tower, He ordered His best engineers to do so, but they came to the terrible conclusion that not all blocks could stay on top others.

The problem was that, although all blocks measured the same and all where roughly of cubic form, with six faces, not all weighted the same, and heavier blocks could not be placed on top of lighter ones. In addition to that, and due to technological problems, block faces came in all sort of shapes. This fact is important, because to put one block on top of another, the two touching faces must have the same shape. After a long study, the engineers were able to categorize all the existing shapes, but due to the large number of different shapes and blocks, they werent sure how to arrange the blocks in order to build the tallest tower possible.

Aware of this problem the King promised to give half of His fortune to anyone able to stack the given blocks to build the tallest possible tower. Your objective is to write a program to calculate the size of such tallest tower.

## Input

The input file may contain a sequence of various test cases. The first line of each test case contains a positive integer $N$ (not larger than 1000) indicating the number of blocks in the test case. Each of the following $N$ lines will contain the description of one block. Each block is described by a sequence of seven integer numbers: the first gives the weight of the block (a positive integer), and the following six numbers give the shapes of each of the block sides, in the following order: front, back, left, right, top and bottom. Shapes are classified by integers in the range 1 to 1000 (including 1 and 1000), and no two blocks have the same weight. The input terminates by giving the value -1 for $N$.

## Output

For each test case in the input file, the output file must contain a line with a single integer, indicating the number of blocks in the tallest tower that may be built with the blocks in the corresponding test case.

## Sample Input

## 3

1122212
2333333
3321111
10
150123456
1001510365
170612347
120573219
1601098765
1301335810
140662244
180123321
110267369
190321123
-1

## Sample Output

