

## 1656 Exponential Towers

The number 729 can be written as a power in several ways:  $3^6$ ,  $9^3$  and  $27^2$ . It can be written as  $729^1$ , of course, but that does not count as a power. We want to go some steps further. To do so, it is convenient to use '^' for exponentiation, so we define  $a^b = a^b$ . The number 256 then can be also written as  $2^{2^3}$ , or as  $4^{2^2}$ . Recall that '^' is right associative, so  $2^{2^3}$  means  $2^{(2^3)}$ .

We define a *tower of powers* of *height*  $k$  to be an expression of the form  $a_1^{a_2^{a_3^{\dots^{a_k}}}}$ , with  $k > 1$ , and integers  $a_i > 1$ .

Given a tower of powers of height 3, representing some integer  $n$ , how many towers of powers of height at least 3 represent  $n$ ?

### Input

The input file contains several test cases, each on a separate line. Each test case has the form  $a^b^c$ , where  $a, b$  and  $c$  are integers,  $1 < a, b, c \leq 9585$ .

### Output

For each test case, print the number of ways the number  $n = a^b^c$  can be represented as a tower of powers of height at least three.

The magic number 9585 is carefully chosen such that the output is always less than  $2^{63}$ .

### Sample Input

```
4^2^2
8^12^2
8192^8192^8192
2^900^576
```

### Sample Output

```
2
10
1258112
342025379
```