 $\left(1-\frac{-1}{x}\right)^{2} \times 5+$
$\qquad$ $\left(1--\frac{4}{-2}\right)^{2} *-5+6$







Table H.1: Rules for constructing ASCII expressions (similar to Backus-Naur Form)



(IV) powexpr : $:=$ prinary 1 prinary digit

Eexpr
(vi) fraction :: $-\frac{- \text { expr }}{\text { expr }}$



 (7) digit consists of one character

```
-3
```



```
l
```



``` The powespre (4) \({ }^{\text {P }}\) is epereesented in two lines:
```

The powern
$\left(4^{2}\right)^{3}$
where the cell for 2 is placed one line above the base- ine
one line above the bases ine of the eell ora a primary $\left(\mathbf{t}^{2}\right)$.
Input

