Given a permutation $a_1, a_2, \ldots a_N$ of $\{1, 2, \ldots, N\}$, we define its E-value as the amount of elements where $a_i > i$. For example, the E-value of permutation $\{1, 3, 2, 4\}$ is 1, while the E-value of $\{4, 3, 2, 1\}$ is 2. You are requested to find how many permutations of $\{1, 2, \ldots, N\}$ whose E-value is exactly k.

Input

There are several test cases, and one line for each case, which contains two integers, N and k. $(1 \le N \le 1000, 0 \le k \le N)$.

Output

Output one line for each case. For the answer may be quite huge, you need to output the answer module 1,000,000,007.

Explanation for the sample:

There is only one permutation with E-value 0: $\{1,2,3\}$, and there are four permutations with E-value 1: $\{1,3,2\}$, $\{2,1,3\}$, $\{3,1,2\}$, $\{3,2,1\}$

Sample Input

3 0

3 1

Sample Output

1

4