Given a permutation $a_{1}, a_{2}, \ldots a_{N}$ of $\{1,2, \ldots, N\}$, we define its E -value as the amount of elements where $a_{i}>i$. For example, the E-value of permutation $\{1,3,2,4\}$ is 1 , while the E -value of $\{4,3,2,1\}$ is 2 . You are requested to find how many permutations of $\{1,2, \ldots, N\}$ whose E-value is exactly $k$.

## Input

There are several test cases, and one line for each case, which contains two integers, $N$ and $k$. ( $1 \leq$ $N \leq 1000,0 \leq k \leq N)$.

## Output

Output one line for each case. For the answer may be quite huge, you need to output the answer module $1,000,000,007$.

## Explanation for the sample:

There is only one permutation with E-value 0 : $\{1,2,3\}$, and there are four permutations with E-value 1: $\{1,3,2\},\{2,1,3\},\{3,1,2\},\{3,2,1\}$

## Sample Input

30
31

## Sample Output

1
4

