LCM is an abbreviation used for Least Common Multiple in Mathematics. We say LCM(a, b) = L if and only if L is the least integer which is divisible by both a and b.

You will be given N, M. You have to count number of pair (i, j) such that $LCM(i, j) = i \times j$, where $1 \le i \le N$ and $1 \le j \le M$.

Input

Input starts with an integer $T (\leq 1000)$, denoting the number of test cases.

Each case starts with a line containing two integers N, M ($1 \le N, M \le 10^9$, and the minimum of them $\min(N, M) \le 10^6$).

Output

For each case, print number of such pair.

Sample Input

3

1 2

4 2

3 5

Sample Output

2

6

12