

Given an even integer  $N$ , print a sequence of  $2^N$  different  $N$ -bit binary numbers in such way that every element of the sequence (except the first one) has exactly one bit the same as the previous one (e.g. 0001 and 1111)

## Input

The input starts with an integer  $T$  — the number of test cases ( $T \leq 8$ ).  $T$  cases follow on each subsequent line, each of them containing the integer  $N$  ( $2 \leq N \leq 16$ ).

## Output

For each test case, print a sequence that satisfies the stated condition, one integer per line.

Any valid sequence will be accepted.

**Note:** The sequence in the sample output in binary is {00,01,11,10}

## Sample Input

```
1
2
```

## Sample Output

```
0
1
3
2
```

