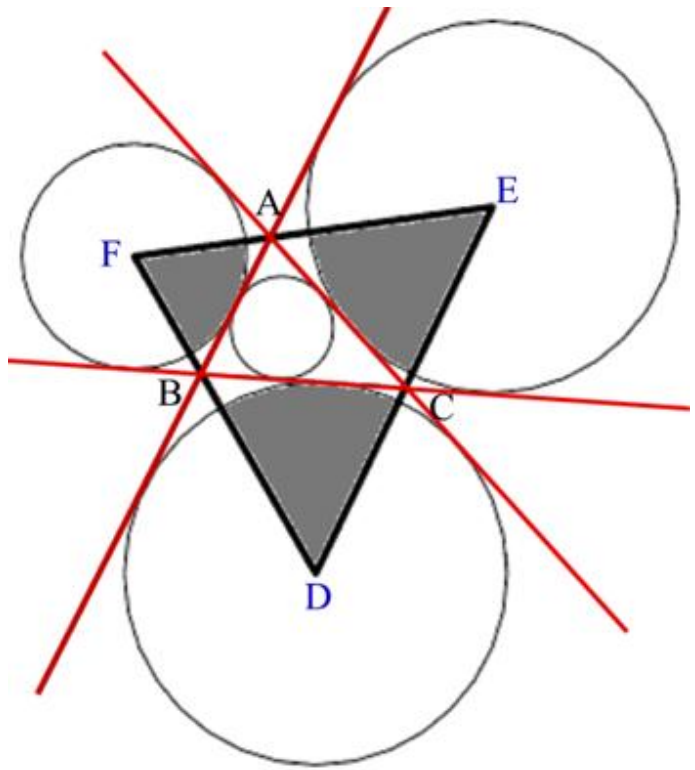


In the figure on the right you can see triangle ABC and its in-circle (Circle that touches all the sides of a triangle internally) and three ex-circles (Circles that touch one side internally and other two sides externally). D, E and F are centers of the ex-circles.

Given the length of the sides of triangle ABC, you will have to find the area of triangle DEF and also the total area of the three grey shaded regions.



### Input

The input file can contain up to 6000 lines of inputs. Each line contains three positive integer numbers  $a$ ,  $b$ ,  $c$  which denotes the length of the sides of the triangle ABC. You can assume that these three sides can form a valid triangle (positive area) and none of the side length is greater than 1000.

Input is terminated by a line containing three zeroes.

### Output

For each line of input produce one line of output. This line contains the serial of output followed by two floating-point numbers. The first one denotes the area of triangle DEF and second one denotes the total area of the three grey shaded regions. This floating-point numbers should have two digits after the decimal point. You can assume that small precision errors will not cause difference in the printed output.

### Sample Input

```
3 4 5
10 11 12
0 0 0
```

### Sample Output

```
Case 1: 30.00 21.62
Case 2: 211.37 144.73
```