Given $N$ regular rectangles in a sequence. Following this sequence you have to draw every rectangles if it does not overlap with any rectangle which has been drawn already. Calculate the total area of drawn rectangles.

Note: A rectangle is regular if and only if its sides are all parallel to the axis.

## Input

The first line of the input contains the number of test cases $T(1 \leq T \leq 100)$. Each case starts with a single line containing $N(0 \leq N \leq 10000)$, the number of rectangles in the sequence. Next $N$ lines will represent the sequence of rectangles. Each of the next $N$ lines will represent one rectangle having four integers $x_{1}, y_{1}, x_{2}, y_{2}\left(-100<x_{1}, y_{1}, x_{2}, y_{2}<100, x_{1}<x_{2}, y_{1}<y_{2}\right)$, here $\left(x_{1}, y_{1}\right)$ is the lower left corner of the rectangle and $\left(x_{2}, y_{2}\right)$ is the upper right corner of the rectangle.

## Output

For each test case, print the case number and a single integer, the total area covered by rectangles you drew.

## Sample Input

1
3
$\begin{array}{llll}-1 & -1 & 1 & 1\end{array}$
001010
1022

## Sample Output

Case 1: 6

