Given the value of N, you will have to find the value of G. The definition of G is given below:

$$G = \sum_{i=1}^{i < N} \sum_{j=i+1}^{j \le N} GCD(i, j)$$

Here GCD(i, j) means the greatest common divisor of integer i and integer j.

For those who have trouble understanding summation notation, the meaning of G is given in the following code:

```
G=0;
for(i=1;i<N;i++)
for(j=i+1;j<=N;j++)
{
    G+=GCD(i,j);
}
/*Here GCD() is a function that finds
the greatest common divisor of the two
input numbers*/</pre>
```

## Input

The input file contains at most 100 lines of inputs. Each line contains an integer N (1 < N < 501). The meaning of N is given in the problem statement. Input is terminated by a line containing a single zero. This zero should not be processed.

## Output

For each line of input produce one line of output. This line contains the value of G for corresponding N.

## Sample Input

10 100 500

0

## Sample Output

67 13015 442011