00000000000000000011
11111111000000000000
00000000000000001111
00000000000011000000
00000000000000111100
00000000000001110000
00111000000000000000
00000000000111000000
00000000111100000000
00000000000000000001
11000000000000000000
00001111111000000000
00001111111111111111
00000000011111100000
00000000001111111110
00000000000000011110
00000001111100000000
00000011111111110000
00011110000000000000
01111111111100000000
00000000000000000111

A time schedule is represented by a 0-1 matrix with n lines and m columns. Each line represents a person and each column an event. All the persons participating to an event have a one in the corresponding entry of their line. Persons not attending the event have a zero entry in that column. Events occur consecutively.

Write a program that finds a smart permutation of the events where each person attends all its events in a row. In other words, permute the columns of the matrix so that all ones are consecutive in each line.

Input

The input begins with a single positive integer on a line by itself indicating the number of the cases following, each of them as described below. This line is followed by a blank line, and there is also a blank line between two consecutive inputs.

The first line of the input consists in the number $n \leq 400$ of lines. The second line contains $m \leq 400$, the number of columns. Then comes the n lines of the matrix. Each line consists in m characters '0' or '1'.

The input matrix is chosen so that there exists only one smart permutation which preserves column 0 in position 0. To make things easier, any two columns share few common one entries.

Output

For each test case, the output must follow the description below. The outputs of two consecutive cases will be separated by a blank line.

The output consists of m numbers indicating the smart permutation of the columns. The first number must be 0 as column 0 does not move. The second number indicate the index (in the input matrix) of the second column, and so on.

Sample Input

```
3

3
4
0110
0001
1101

6
5
01010
01000
10101
10100
00011
00101

21
20
00101000000000000000
10010010010110010100
00101101000000000000
01000000000000001000
00000101100000100000
01000000100000100000
00000010000110000000
01000000000001001000
00000000001001000011
00001000000000000000
10000000000000000100
00010010011000010011
01111101111001111011
01000000000001101011
01100101100001101001
00100101100000000000
00010000001001000011
01010000101001111011
00000010010010010000
00010010011111010111
00101001000000000000
```

Sample Output

```
0
3
1
2

0
2
4
3
1

0
17
11
12
6
9
15
3
10
18
19
13
16
1
14
8
5
7
2
4
```