Pablito will give you a birdie if you can beat him in his favorite game: nailing the nail. This game is a pretty mixture of intelligence and brute force. There is a long nail, a bit inserted into a piece of wood. You and Pablito hit the nail in turns with a hammer. The winner is the first player who completely inserts the nail.


All measures are given in integer numbers. Depending on his/her strength and ability, each player can push the nail between a minimum, Xmin, and a maximum quantity, Xmax. However, if the current length of the nail is less than $X$ min, the player can insert the nail completely and win.

Let's name the players $A$ and $B$. The optimal strategy for player $A$ (similarly for $B$ ) is defined as follows:
(a) a hit where $A$ inserts the nail completely is an optimal hit for $A$,
(b) if (a) is not possible, a hit of $A$ that leads to an optimal hit of $A$ after all possible hits of $B$, is also an optimal hit of $A$,
(c) if neither (a) nor (b) are possible, $A$ has no optimal hit, and will insert the nail any valid quantity.

Suppose player $A$ always hits first, and both players use the optimal strategy for them. Who will win the game?

## Input

The first line of the input contains an integer $N$, indicating the number of test cases.
Each test case is described in a single line, containing 5 integers: L Amin Amax Bmin Bmax, indicating the initial length of the nail, the minimum hit of $A$, the maximum hit of $A$, the minimum hit of $B$, and the maximum hit of $B$, respectively. Assume all numbers are between 1 and $2 \wedge 30$, $A \min \leq A \max$, and Bmin $\leq B \max$.

## Output

For each test case, the output should consist of a line with a single letter, $A$ or $B$, indicating the winner in that case.

## Sample Input

4
457120
$\begin{array}{lllll}5 & 1 & 3 & 1 & 3\end{array}$
52213
10001313

## Sample Output

