

10728 Help!

MegaFirm Inc. has created a set of patterns to aid its telephone help-desk operators in responding to customers. A pattern is a phrase consisting of words and placeholders. A word is simply a string of letters. A placeholder is a word enclosed in angle brackets (that is $\langle \dots \rangle$). A phrase *matches* a pattern if each placeholder in the pattern can be systematically replaced by a word so as to make the pattern and phrase equal. By “systematically replaced” we mean that all placeholders enclosing the same word are replaced by the same word.

For example, the phrase

to be or not to be

matches the pattern

$\langle foo \rangle$ be $\langle bar \rangle$ not $\langle foo \rangle$ $\langle baf \rangle$

because we can replace $\langle foo \rangle$ by to, $\langle bar \rangle$ by or, and $\langle baf \rangle$ by be.

Given two patterns, you are to find a phrase that matches both.



Input

The first line of input contains n , the number of test cases. Each test case consists of two lines of input; each a pattern. Patterns consist of lowercase words, and placeholders containing lowercase words. No pattern exceeds 100 characters. Words contain at most 16 characters. A single space separates adjacent words and placeholders.

Output

For each test case, output a phrase that matches both patterns. If several phrases match, any will do. If no phrase matches, output a line containing ‘-’ (a single minus sign).

Sample Input

```
3
how now brown <animal>
<foo> now <color> cow
who are you
<a> <b> <a>
<a> b
c <a>
```

Sample Output

```
how now brown cow
-
c b
```