

## 10705 The Fun Number System

In a  $k$  bit 2's complement number, where the bits are indexed from 0 to  $k - 1$ , the weight of the most significant bit (i.e., in position  $k - 1$ ), is  $-2^{k-1}$ , and the weight of a bit in any position  $i$  ( $0 \leq i < k - 1$ ) is  $2^i$ . For example, a 3 bit number 101 is evaluated as  $-2^2 + 0 + 2^0 = -3$  and 011 as  $-0 + 2^1 + 2^0 = 3$ . A negatively weighted bit is called a **negabit** (such as the most significant bit in a 2's complement number), and a positively weighted bit is called a **posibit**.

A Fun number system is a positional binary number system, where each bit can be either a **negabit**, or a **posibit**. For example consider a 3-bit fun number system Fun3, where bits in positions 0, and 2 are **posibits**, and the bit in position 1 is a **negabit**.  $(111)_{Fun3}$  is evaluated as  $2^2 - 2^1 + 1 = 3$ . Now you are going to have fun with the Fun number systems! You are given the description of a  $k$ -bit Fun number system **Funk**, and an integer  $N$  (Maybe negative). You should determine the  $k$  bits of a representation of  $N$  in **Funk**, or report that it is not possible to represent the given  $N$  in the given **Funk**. For example, a representation of -1 in the **Fun3** number system (defined above), is 011 (evaluated as  $0 - 2^1 + 2^0$ ), and representing 6 in **Fun3** is impossible.

### Input

The first line of the input file contains a single integer  $t$  ( $0 < t \leq 100$ ), the number of test cases, followed by the input data for each test case.

Each test case is given in three consecutive lines. In the first line there is a positive integer  $k$  ( $1 \leq k \leq 64$ ). In the second line of a test data there is a string of length  $k$ , composed only of letters  $n$ , and  $p$ , describing the Fun number system for that test data, where each  $n(p)$  indicates that the bit in that position is a **negabit** (**posibit**). The third line of each test data contains an integer  $N$  ( $-2^{63} \leq N < 2^{63}$ ), the number to be represented in the **Funk** number by your program.

### Output

For each test data, you should print one line containing either a  $k$ -bit string representing the given number  $N$  in the **Funk** number system, or the word 'Impossible', when it is impossible to represent the given number.

### Sample Input

```
2
3
pnp
6
4
ppnn
10
```

### Sample Output

```
Impossible
1110
```