Twin primes are pairs of primes of the form $(p, p+2)$. The term "twin prime" was coined by Paul Stckel (1892-1919). The first few twin primes are (3, 5), (5, 7), (11, 13), (17, 19), (29, 31), (41, 43). In this problem you are asked to find out the $S$-th twin prime pair where $S$ is an integer that will be given in the input.

## Input

The input will contain less than 10001 lines of input. Each line contains an integers $S(1 \leq S \leq 100000)$, which is the serial number of a twin prime pair. Input file is terminated by end of file.

## Output

For each line of input you will have to produce one line of output which contains the $S$-th twin prime pair. The pair is printed in the form ( $p 1$, jspace $\left\langle p 2\right.$ ). Here ;space ${ }^{\text {i }}$, means the space character (ASCII 32). You can safely assume that the primes in the 100000 -th twin prime pair are less than 20000000 .

## Sample Input

## Sample Output

$(3,5)$
$(5,7)$
$(11,13)$
(17, 19)

