Anita is the baby siter of Baron Von Hauser' kids, a famous Physics Assistant of ITESM Campus Monterrey Physics department. As such Von Hauser kids have weird toys, all of which Anita has to master to be able to effectively entertain Baron' Kids.

While Anita was cleaning the bathtub she found a new toy. It is extremely weird, and posses a lot of mathematical symmetry, it is a Squarelotron game. She is determined to understand this new toy, otherwise she won't be able to play with Von Hauser' kids. However the complexity of such extreme toy makes it dificult to play. Thats why Anita asked the judges of this ITESM Campus Monterrey internal ACM programming contest eliminatory to put this problem, so that answers could be given by the best students of computer science and engineering of this Campus.

A Squarelotron consist basically of a matrix of numbers. However this matrix can be decomposed as squared rings which can rotate independently in 4 different ways, Upside-Down, Left-Rigt, through the Main Inverse Diagonal and through the Main Diagonal.

For example Consider the following Squarelotrons.



			1	3
6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	23	21
25	22	19	24	20

Squarelotron a) as 2 rings while squarelotron b) has 3.

A Upside-Down Flip of the outmost ring of Squarelotron a) yields:

	9	6	7	12
	5	10	11	8
	1	2	3	4
A Left-Rigth Flip of the 2 ring of squa	nolos	tnon	h) **	iolda.

	6	9	8	7	10			
	11	14	13	12	15			
	16	23	18	17	21			
	25	22	19	24	20			
A Flip through the Main Inverse Diagonal of the second ring of squarelotron a) yields								

	5	11	7	8				
	9	10	6	12				
	13	14	15	16				
A Flip through the Main Diagonal of the outermost ring of square lotron b) yields:								

11

8

16

25

		<u> </u>	_			
	з	12	13	14	19	
	4	17	18	23	24	
	5	10	15	21	20	
Anita wants you to do a program and your program will perform seve Squarelotron. The output of your program was squared to the square of the s	eral of	the fli	ips des	scribe	d earli	0 0

The first line contains the number M of different cases to process, consisting of blocks of lines. Each of these blocks consist of the following. The first line of each block contains a number N which describes the order $N \times N$ of the Squarelotron.

Next comes an equal number of lines as number of rings of the Squarelotron. Each of these lines begins with a number T, followed by T numbers C which identifies the move to perform on the ring.

Following comes N lines of N numbers each, which describes the Squarelotron itself.

means flip through the Main Diagonal, '4' means a flip through the Main Inverse Diagonal.

• $1 \le N < 101$ • $0 < T \le Number \ of \ Rings$

The numbers in the square lotron are smaller than 2^{16} . The Moves are identifies as follows. '1' means Upside-Down Flip, '2' Means Left-Right Flip, '3'

• $1 \le C < 5$

should be output.

 $\bullet \ 0 < M \leq 1000$

Input

For each of the M cases, output a $N \times N$ square lotron at the state it is supposed to be after all the moves. This square lotron should be N lines with N numbers each. No blank line in between each case

All these numbers are in the following ranges:

Sample Input

4 5 6 7 8 9 2 1 2

4 1 2 3 4

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

3 1 2 3

4

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9 1 2 3
4 5 6 6
2 1 2
2 3 4
5
1 2 3 4 5
6 7 8 9 1
2 3 4 5 6
7 8 9 1 2
3 4 5 6 7
2 3 4
2 1 3
4 1 3 2 4
1 2 3 4 5 6
7 8 9 1 2 3
4 5 6 7 8 9
1 2 3 4 5 6
7 8 9 1 2 3
4 5 6 7 8 9
2 4 1
2 2 3
1 1
```

6 5 4 3 2 1

9 8 7

Sample Output

```
6 6 5 4
3 2 1 9
8 7 6 5
4 3 2 1
7 6 5 4 3
2 8 3 7 7
6 9 4 8 2
1 1 5 9 6
5 4 3 2 1
4 7 1 4 7 1
5 2 8 5 2 2
6 1 3 4 1 3
7 9 6 7 9 4
8 8 5 2 8 5
9 3 6 9 3 6
```