# 10053 Envelopes

I have bought some greeting cards for my friends but in order to send them I must also buy some envelopes. Each card must be put inside a separate envelope without bending or tearing. The envelopes are made of so thin papers that one can put inside an envelope a card having even the same dimensions as that envelope.

Please help me choose envelopes so that the total amount I need to spend in buying them is minimized.

### Input

The input may contain multiple test cases.

The first line of each test case contains two integers M  $(1 \le M \le 5)$  and N  $(M \le N \le 10)$  where M is the number of greeting cards and N is the number of envelopes to choose from. The *i*th  $(1 \le i \le M)$  of the next M lines consists of two integers  $l_i$  and  $w_i$   $(1 \le l_i, w_i \le 50000)$  giving the dimensions of the *i*th greeting card. The *i*th  $(1 \le i \le N)$  of the next N lines contains three integers  $L_i$ ,  $W_i$  and  $C_i$   $(1 \le L_i, W_i, C_i \le 50000)$  where  $L_i$  and  $W_i$  give the dimensions of the *i*th envelope and  $C_i$  is its price in Taka.

The input terminates with two zeros for M and N.

## Output

For each test case in the input first print the test case number on a separate line as shown in the sample output. If an envelope can be chosen for each of the greeting cards in the input, print one line for each where the *i*th line contains the number of the envelope (in the order given in the input) inside which the *i*th greeting card should be put. Otherwise, print "cannot buy" on a line by itself. Note that if there are multiple solutions with minimum cost, any one of them is acceptable.

Print a blank line between two successive test cases.

### Sample Input

# Sample Output

Case #1 2 3 Case #2 cannot buy