

## 1035 Tree-Lined Streets

The city council of Greenville recently voted to improve the appearance of inner city streets. To provide more greenery in the scenery, the city council has decided to plant trees along all major streets and avenues. To get an idea of how expensive this urban improvement project will be, the city council wants to determine how many trees will be planted. The planting of trees is limited in two ways:

- Along a street, trees have to be planted at least 50 meters apart. This is to provide adequate growing space, and to keep the cost of the project within reasonable limits.
- Due to safety concerns, no tree should be planted closer than 25 meters along a street to the nearest intersection. This is to ensure that traffic participants can easily see each other approaching an intersection. Traffic safety should not be compromised by reducing visibility.

All streets considered in this project are straight. They have no turns or bends.

The city council needs to know the maximum number of trees that can be planted under these two restrictions.

### Input

The input consists of descriptions of several street maps. The first line of each description contains an integer  $n$  ( $1 \leq n \leq 100$ ), which is the number of streets in the map. Each of the following  $n$  lines describes a street as a line segment in the Cartesian plane. An input line describing a street contains four integers  $x_1$ ,  $y_1$ ,  $x_2$ , and  $y_2$ . This means that this street goes from point  $(x_1, y_1)$  to point  $(x_2, y_2)$ . The coordinates  $x_1$ ,  $y_1$ ,  $x_2$ , and  $y_2$  are given in meters, ( $0 \leq x_1, y_1, x_2, y_2 \leq 100000$ ). Every street has a positive length. Each end point lies on exactly one street.

For each street, the distances between neighboring intersections and/or the end points of the street are not exact multiples of 25 meters. More precisely, the difference of such a distance to the nearest multiple of 25 meters will be at least 0.001 meters. At each intersection, exactly two streets meet.

Input for the last street map description is followed by a line consisting of the number '0'.

### Output

For each street map described in the input, first print its number in the sequence. Then print the maximum number of trees that can be planted under the restrictions specified above. Follow the format in the sample output given below.

### Sample Input

```
3
0 40 200 40
40 0 40 200
0 200 200 0
4
0 30 230 30
0 200 230 200
30 0 30 230
200 0 200 230
3
```

```
0 1 121 1
0 0 121 4
0 4 121 0
0
```

### Sample Output

```
Map 1
Trees = 13
Map 2
Trees = 20
Map 3
Trees = 7
```