

# B

## High School Assembly

Input: Standard Input  
Output: Standard Output



It's Saturday morning of a new week and students of National High School have gathered on the central ground for an assembly.

At the beginning, students from different classes stand in their own lines. Then the class teachers of each class move over from front to back and organize the line according to the increasing order of students' heights. They can pick a student from any position and send him to the end of the line.

Mr. Kapono Khan is the class teacher of 7<sup>th</sup> grade. He doesn't like this job of walking along the line back and forth. So he wants to organize the students with minimal number of moves.

As usual, you are here to help Mr. Khan. Given the heights of each student of his class, your job is to find out minimum number of moves required to sort the students based on the increasing order of their heights. Picking up a student from any position and sending him to the end is **defined as a move** for this problem. Luckily students of his class have unique heights.

### Input

There will be **T** test cases, (**T** ≤ 100).

Input for each case will start with an integer, **n** ( $1 \leq n \leq 10^4$ ) which represents the number of students of the class. Then an array of **n** integers will follow where  $1 \leq H_i \leq n$  and each height is unique.

### Output

For each case, print case number using the format "**Case x:** " (without quotes) followed by an integer showing minimum number of moves required to sort the line in increasing order.

### Sample Input

```
2
5
5 1 3 2 4
9
4 5 1 2 6 3 8 9 7
```

### Output for Sample Input

```
Case 1: 3
Case 2: 6
```

Explanation of Sample I/O

Case 1: move 3 to last, move 4 to last, move 5 to last.