Speed Zones

Suppose you are in a **2-Dimensional** world. Now, you are in a system of '**N**' parallel zones of **same** or **different speed**, numbered from **0** to **N-1**. In each zone you can move in some given constant speed (S_i amount per second in i-th zone) at any direction. Each zone is parallel to **X** axis, starting from the **X** axis (and then on the positive **X** and positive **Y** part only). Width of each zone is **100** (along the **Y** axis).

You are currently in the origin (0, 0). You need to reach (100*N, D) coordinate. But, you want to do that in minimum possible time (seconds).

Here is an example with N = 4, and D = 350. The arrows show a possible path from (0, 0) to (400, 350). Note that after the end of each zone (except the last one), it is possible that you may be in an non-integer 'X' coordinate.



Given N, D, and the speeds S_0 , S_1 , S_2 , ..., S_{N-1} you will need to find the minimum possible time in seconds to reach the destination point.

Input

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Input starts with an integer T (\leq 50), denoting the number of test cases.

Each case contains two lines. In the **first** line you will be given two integers $N (1 \le N \le 100)$ and $D (0 \le D \le 10000)$. In the **second** line you will be given N integers, the speeds, in the order: S_0 , S_1 , S_2 , ..., S_{N-1} . For all $0 \le i < N$, $1 \le S_i \le 1000$.

Output

For each test case, generate one line of output, in the format "Case <case-no>: <answer>". Here case-no is the case number starting from 1, and answer is the minimum possible time in seconds. Your output should not differ more than $10^{-6} = 0.000001$. You should print at least 8 digits after the decimal point for answer.

Sample Input	Output for Sample Input
2	Case 1: 2.00000000
1 0	Case 2: 50.0000000
50	
3 400	
10 10 10	

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