## Problem K: Through the Desert

Imagine you are an explorer trying to cross a desert. Many dangers and obstacles are waiting on your path. Your life depends on your trusty old jeep having a large enough fuel tank. But how large exactly does it have to be? Compute the smallest volume needed to reach your goal on the other side.

The following events describe your journey:
Fuel consumption $n$
means that your truck needs $n$ litres of gasoline per $100 \mathrm{~km} . n$ is an integer in the range [1..30]. Fuel consumption may change during your
 journey, for example when you are driving up or down a mountain.
Leak
means that your truck's fuel tank was punctured by a sharp object. The tank will start leaking gasoline at a rate of 1 litre of fuel per kilometre. Multiple leaks add up and cause the truck to lose fuel at a faster rate.

However, not all events are troublesome in this desert. The following events increase your chances of survival:

## Gas station

lets you fill up your tank.
Mechanic
fixes all the leaks in your tank.
And finally:
Goal
means that you have safely reached the end of your journey!

## Input Format

The input consists of a series of test cases. Each test case consists of at most 50 events. Each event is described by an integer, the distance (in kilometres measured from the start) where the event happens, followed by the type of event as above.

In each test case, the first event is of the form ' 0 Fuel consumption n', and the last event is of the form 'd Goal' ( $d$ is the distance to the goal).

Events are given in sorted order by non-decreasing distance from the start, and the 'Goal' event is always the last one. There may be multiple events at the same distance-process them in the order given.

Input is terminated by a line containing ' 0 Fuel consumption 0 ' which should not be processed.

## Output Format

For each test case, print a line containing the smallest possible tank volume (in litres, with three digits precision after the decimal point) that will guarantee a successful journey.

## Sample Input

```
O Fuel consumption 10
100 Goal
O Fuel consumption 5
100 Fuel consumption 30
200 Goal
O Fuel consumption 20
10 Leak
25 Leak
25 Fuel consumption 30
50 Gas station
7 0 ~ M e c h a n i c
100 Leak
120 Goal
O Fuel consumption 0
```


## Sample Output

10.000
35.000
81.000

## Martin Müller

