# Problem D Non-Decreasing Prime Sequence <br> Input: Standard Input <br> Output: Standard Output 

A prime number is a natural number which has exactly two distinct natural number divisors. First few prime numbers are: $2,3,5,7,11,13, \ldots$ and so on.

A non decreasing prime sequence (NDPS) is a sequence of prime numbers where $\mathrm{i}^{\text {th }}$ element is not less than $i-1^{\text {th }}$ element for all $i>1$. The weight of a NDPS is the product of all numbers of the sequence. Here are some examples of NDPSs with their corresponding weights.

| NDPS | Weight |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 2 |
| 2513 | 130 (2 X 5 X 13) |
| 2397 | 582 (2 X 3 X 97) |

An NDPS a is smaller than another NDPS b, if number of elements in a is smaller than the number of elements in $\mathbf{b}$. If $\mathbf{a}$ and $\mathbf{b}$ has same number of elements then lexicographically smaller sequence is the smaller NDPS. For the list given above, $\{2\}$ is the smallest sequence because it has only one elements. $\{2513\}$ and $\{2397\}$ both have 3 elements, so $\{2397\}$ is second smallest because it is lexicographically smaller than $\{2513\}$.

For a given range ( $\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{B}$ ), where $\mathrm{A}<=\mathrm{B}$, you have to find the $\mathbf{K}^{\text {th }}$ smallest NDPS between all the NDPSs having weights in between $\mathbf{A}$ and $\mathbf{B}$ (inclusive).

## Input

Input will start with an integer $\mathbf{T}$ ( $\mathbf{T}<=\mathbf{5 0 0 0}$ ), the number of test cases. Each of the next $\mathbf{T}$ line will contain three integers $\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{B}$ and $\mathbf{K}(\mathbf{2}<=\mathbf{A}<=\mathbf{B}<=\mathbf{1 0 0 0 0 0 0})$. $\mathbf{K}$ is a positive integer and you can safely assume that at least $\mathbf{K}$ NDPSs exists in the given range.

## Output

For each case, you have to output one line, case number followed by the $\mathbf{K}^{\text {th }}$ smallest NDPS between all the NDPSs having weights between $\mathbf{A}$ and $\mathbf{B}$ (inclusive). See sample output for exact format.

## Sample Input

| 3 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | 10 | 1 |
| 2 | 10 | 5 |
| 2 | 10 | 9 |

## Output for Sample Input

Case 1: 2
Case 2: 22
Case 3: 222

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